



# 38th Austrian Mathematical Olympiad

## Regional Competition for Advanced Students

April 24, 2007

1. Let  $0 < x_0, x_1, \dots, x_{669} < 1$  be mutually different real numbers.  
Show that there exists a pair  $x_i, x_j$  such that

$$0 < x_i x_j (x_j - x_i) < \frac{1}{2007}$$

2. Determine all quintuples of positive integers  $x_1 > x_2 > x_3 > x_4 > x_5 > 0$  with

$$\left\lfloor \frac{x_1 + x_2}{3} \right\rfloor^2 + \left\lfloor \frac{x_2 + x_3}{3} \right\rfloor^2 + \left\lfloor \frac{x_3 + x_4}{3} \right\rfloor^2 + \left\lfloor \frac{x_4 + x_5}{3} \right\rfloor^2 = 38.$$

(Remark:  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  denotes the largest integer smaller than or equal to  $x$ .)

3. Let  $a$  be a positive real number and  $n$  a non-negative integer.  
Compare the values of  $S$  and  $T$ :

$$S = \sum_{k=-2n}^{2n+1} \frac{(k-1)^2}{a^{\lfloor \frac{k}{2} \rfloor}} \quad T = \sum_{k=-2n}^{2n+1} \frac{k^2}{a^{\lfloor \frac{k}{2} \rfloor}}$$

(Remark:  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  denotes the largest integer smaller than or equal to  $x$ .)

4. In a convex quadrilateral  $ABCD$  (all interior angles smaller than  $180^\circ$ ) let  $M$  be the intersection of the diagonals.

Determine all quadrilaterals for which there exists a line  $g$  through  $M$  that intersects the line segment  $AB$  in  $P$  and the line segment  $CD$  in  $Q$  such that the four triangles  $APM$ ,  $BPM$ ,  $CQM$  and  $DQM$  are similar. (The corners do not necessarily need to correspond in the given order.)